

Engineers & Scientists Environmental Services Waste Marsagement Water Resources Site Development Special Structures Geotechnical Analysis

October 27, 1987 60251

Andrew H. Perellis, Esq. Gessler, Flynn, Laswell & Fleischmann Three First National Plaza Suite 2300 Chicago, Illinois 60602

RE: Modifications to Scope of Work American Chemical Services RI/FS Griffith, Indiana

Dear Mr. Perellis:

A meeting among the U.S. EPA (EPA), Warzyn Engineering Inc., (Warzyn), the ACS Steering Committee (Steering Committee), and Roy F. Weston, Inc. (Weston) was held on October 5, 1987 to discuss the EPA comments on Warzyn's July 14, 1987 "Summary Scope of Work" for the ACS RI/FS. Specific agreements to each of the comments are presented below. In general, there was agreement that the Steering Committee and EPA were trying to accomplish the same goals in conducting the RI/FS. Warzyn explained that while the term "Phase" in its letter was used to show a logical progression of steps in the RI/FS process, it is the order of activity within each phase that is important as opposed to the number of phases itself. Therefore, in an effort to allow EPA's consultant (Weston) to more readily evaluate the work plan, Warzyn has now organized the proposed RI work plan for the ACS site into 2 phases and has now developed a schedule of tasks.

Attached is a revised "Framework for the Proposed Scope of Work," which has been modified on the basis of discussions at the October 5 meeting. The purpose of the framework is to outline the logical progression which will occur during the remedial investigation. A time schedule showing the order of tasks and projected task duration is also attached. The time schedule was developed with the understanding that agreement was reached on the framework of the RI/FS and that specific modifications to the details of the Work Plan could begin. Warzyn has begun revising the Work Plan.

EPA Review Letter

Eighteen specific comments were made on pages 2 and 3 of the EPA letter to Mr. Perellis, dated September 16, 1987 (EPA ref.: 5HE- 12). It was Warzyn's understanding that agreement was reached on each of the concerns during the October 5 meeting. A statement of Warzyn's understanding of each concern is given below:

- 1. Because of the sensitive nature of issues involved, attorneys will be involved in interviews with ACS, Kapica, and other personnel.
- 2. Warzyn has obtained a copy of the site map from Roy F. Weston, Inc.
- 3. Preliminary identification of buried-barrel areas will be made by analysis of aerial photographs taken at various times during site operation. A magnetometer will be used to confirm or pinpoint buried barrels in areas suitable for obtaining magnetic data.
- 4. All datum points for mapping locations and elevations will be consistent with the most recent national geodetic vertical datum (NGVD) available for the site.
- 5. The ACS Part B RCRA permit has been obtained and will be reviewed for pertinent information.

(Former Phase II)

- 6. All monitoring wells will be secured with locking steel protective covers. Shallow piezometers located in accessible areas of the site will be protected with locking covers, temporarily secured in the borehole. The shallow piezometers will be left in place only while the investigation is accive on site. They will be removed, when the field phase of investigation is completed.
- 7. The grid of shallow piezometers will consist of approximately 40 shallow points in approximately a 200-foot grid spacing. The water level data will be used to develop potentiometric maps, so exact spacing is not critical in most areas. However precise locations will be significant in certain areas, such as surrounding the ACS lagoon.
- 8. "Preliminary" samples was used to mean "initial". Initial samples at each sampling location will be analyzed for the full Target Compound List (TCL List is attached). The parameter list may be reduced at some locations in subsequent sampling events, to include the chemical species previously found at the location.



(Page 4 EPA Letter)

- 9. All existing wells on the site will be evaluated; properly constructed wells will be sampled for use in the RI/FS.
- 10. Since it seems likely that the ACS lagoon cuts into at least part of the upper aquifer, any water or effluent in the lagoon could enter the upper aquifer. Therefore, besides evaluating the flow relationship between the lagoon and the upper aquifer, a sampling system will be established to monitor the effluent from plant operations.
- 11. The original "Framework for Proposed Scope of Work" Attachment 2 to Warzyn's July 14, 1987 letter, separated the RI into four phases. The term "phase" was used to establish the logical succession which would occur during the investigation. A "Modified Framework for Proposed Scope of Work" is attached to this letter which uses the term "Task", and presents a two-phased remedial investigation. Additionally a time schedule is attached to indicate sequencing and timing of each task. Surface water and sediment sampling will be conducted as shown in II. B. 1 of the framework.

(Former Phase III)

- 12. The leachate wells will be placed in the landfill to obtain water levels and chemical analyses of leachate.
- 13. Monitoring wells will be placed in the lower aquifer in Phase I; see III.B. 2 of the framework, or Task 3, B of the schedule.
- 14. Only thoroughly documented, publicly available models will be used in analysis. At this time, the expectation is that the U.S.G.S. Modular 3D Finite-Difference Flow Model (Modflow) will be used for modeling groundwater flow. Contaminant transport will be modeled with one of the following models: U.S.G.S. Method of Characteristics (MOC) Model, or the Illinois State Water Survey Random Walk model. The model assumptions and limitations will be project-dependent, therefore, they will be presented as part of the technical memorandum addressing the groundwater system, and as part of the RI Report.
- 15. A data sufficiency analysis will be conducted at the end of Phase I (Task 3) to evaluate the sufficiency of existing data for completing the expressed purposes of the RI/FS.



- 16. The results of the data sufficiency analysis will indicate what additional investigative tasks will be required to complete the RI/FS. It is possible that those tasks could include the collecting of additional surface water and sediment samples, the collection of additional waste samples, the construction and sampling of additional monitoring wells, the re-sampling of previously constructed wells, or possibly other sampling and analysis. Until the waste and site characterizations start to develop and the data sufficiency analysis is conducted, it will not be possible to predict precisely what tasks will be necessary in Phase II (formerly Phase IV).
- 17. Under project management at the bottom of the schedule, there is an entry for monthly reports; additionally, the technical memoranda will provide timely documentation of the field procedures and results from each field task.
- 18. The PRP's consultant will work with Weston to document the already defined study area boundaries. Surveying will be conducted at several different times during the investigation, including an initial survey of site boundaries, and subsequent surveys to establish the piezometer and geophysical grids, and to plot monitoring wells and other sampling points on the investigation maps.

The changes listed on page 4 of the EPA letter have been incorporated into the framework and shown on the schedule.

Warzyn welcomes the opportunity to discuss any of these issues further, and looks forward to working with the technical subcommittee to bring it to a successful conclusion. If you have questions please call us at 312/773-8484.

Respectfully submitted,

WARZYN ENGINEERING INC.

Joseph D. Adams Jr., P.E. General Manger - Chicago Peter J. Vagt, Ph.D. Senior Hydrogeologist

Enclosures: Modified framework for the RI Scope of Work

Proposed RI/FS schedule

WARZYN

MODIFIED FRAMEWORK FOR THE PROPOSED SCOPE OF WORK FOR THE ACS RI/FS

PHASE I - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

I. TASK 1 - PROBLEM DEFINITION

- A. Review Available Information
 - 1. Published data (USGS, ASCS, etc.)
 - 2. Site visit and interviews
 - 3. Aerial photographs
 - 4. Water use survey
 - a. Domestic wells
 - b. Industrial and municipal wells
 - 5. Review available reports (RCRA submittal, etc)
- B. Define Site Boundaries
 - 1. Establish site grid
 - 2. Define site boundaries in the field
- C. Geophysical Survey
 - Magnetometer/gradiometer (where effective)
 - a. On-site containment area
 - b. Off-site containment area
- D. Surface Water Survey
 - 1. Set up surface water bench marks
- E. Environmental Audit of ACS
 - 1. Coordinate with RCRA audit
 - 2. Evaluate process streams
 - 3. Define potential sources
- F. Establish Remedial Alternatives

II. TASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION

- A. Characterize Flow System
 - 1. Monitor ACS hydraulics
 - a. Evaluate volumes
 - 2. Evaluate landfill hydraulics
 - a. Install leachate wells
 - b. Monitor de-watering pumpage
 - 3. Install perimeter monitoring wells
 - a. Test near surface hydraulic properties
 - 4. Install piezometer grid
 - 5. Model groundwater flow system
 - a. Conduct water balance
 - b. Determine groundwater flow paths and rates

Surface / scrimer to

Les 6 / 2/01



MODIFICATIONS TO FRAMEWORK FOR PROPOSED WORK SCOPE (Continued)

- B. Initial Shallow Sampling
 - 1. Surface water and sediment sampling
 - 2. Groundwater sampling from perimeter wells
 - 3. Effluent sampling

III. TASK 3 - NEAR SURFACE CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION

- A. Waste Characterization
 - 1. Soil borings at ACS (E F G M)
 - 2. Leachate Sampling
 - a. Leachate Wells in Landfill
 - 3. Waste volume calculation
- B. Groundwater Characterization
 - 1. Install eight new shallow monitoring wells
 - 2. Install four lower aquifer monitoring wells
 - a. Extend stratigraphic description
 - b. Conduct hydraulic property tests
 - 3. Sample existing and new monitoring wells
- C. Groundwater Transport Model

PHASE II - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

- IV. ADDITIONAL CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION
 - A. Install Additional Monitoring Wells as Necessary
 - 1. Upper aquifer
 - 2. Lower aguifer
 - B. Collect Additional Samples as Necessary

V. ENDANGERMENT ASSESSMENT

FEASIBILITY STUDY

1

VI. FEASIBILITY STUDY

- A. Proposed Response
- B. Remedial Technologies
- C. Develop Alternatives
- D. Screening Alternatives
- E. Evaluate Alternatives
- F. Preliminary Report
- G. Conceptual Design
- H. Public Comments on FS
- I. Community Relations
- J. Final FS Report



HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST

(Page 1 of 3)

VOLATILES

SEMI-VOLATILES

1.	Chloromethane	36.	Phenol
2.	Bromomethane	37.	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether
3.	Vinyl Chloride	38.	2-Chlorophenol
4.	Chloroethane		•
5.	Methylene Chloride		
_	A A	20	1 2 01-11
<u>6</u> .	Acetone	39.	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
7.	Carbon Disulfide	40.	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
8.	1,1-Dichloroethene	41.	Benzyl Alcohol
9.	1,1-Dichloroethane	42.	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
10.	trans-1,2-Dichloroethane	43.	2-Methylphenol
11.	Chloroform	44.	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether
12.	1,2-Dichloroethene	45.	4-Methylphenol
13.		46.	N-Nitroso-Dipropylamine
14.	1,1,1-trichloroethene	47.	Hexachloroethane
15.	Carbon Tetrachloride	48.	Nitrobenze
16.	Vinyl Acetate	49.	Isophorone
17.	Bromodichloromethane	50.	2-Nitrophenol
18.	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	51.	2,4-Dimethylphenol
19.	1,2-Dichloropropane	52.	Bénzoic Acid
20.	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	53 .	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane
21.	Trichlorothene	54.	2,4-Dichlorophenol
22.	Dibromocloromethane	55.	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
23.	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	56.	Naphthalene
24.	Benzene	57.	4-Chloroaniline
25.	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	58.	Hexachlorobutadiene
26.	2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	59.	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
LU.	2 chilorocony viny i conci	.	(para-chloro-meta-cresol)
27.	Bromoform		(
28.	2-Hexanone	60.	2-Methylnapthalene
29.	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	61.	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
30.	Tetrachloroethane	62.	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
31.	Toluene	63.	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
32.	Chlorobenzene	64.	2-Chloronapthalene
33.	Ethyl Benzene	65.	
34.	Styrene	66.	
35.	Total Xylenes	67.	
JJ.	iotal valenes	68.	3-Nitroaniline
		υ.	J-181 CI VAIII I INC



(Page 2 of 3)

SEMI-VOLATILES

69. Acenapthene 70. 2,4-Dinitrophenol 71. 4-Nitrophenol 72. Dibenzofuran 73. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 74. 2,6-Dinitrotolune 75. Diethylphthalate 76. 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl ether 77. Fluorene 78. 4-Nitroaniline 79. 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol

- 79. 4.6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol
 80. N-nitrosodiphenylamine
 81. 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl ether
 82. Hexachlorobenzene
 83. Pentachlorophenol
 84. Phenanthrene
 85. Anthracene
- 88. Pyrene
 89. Butyl Benzyl Phthalate
 90. 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine
 91. Benzo(a)anthracene
 92. bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
- 93. Chrysene
 93. Di-n-octyl Phthalate
 95. Benzo(b)fluoranthene
 96. Benzo(k)fluoranthene
 97. Benzo(a)pyrene

86. Di-n-butylphthalate

87. Fluoranthene

98. Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 99. Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 100. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

PESTICIDES

102.	alpha-BHC beta-BHC delta-BHC
105. 106.	gamma-BHC (Lindane) Heptachlor Aldrin Heptachlor Epoxide
109. 110. 111.	Endosulfan I Dieldrin 4,4'-DDE Endrin Endosulfan II
114. 115. 116.	4,4'-DDD Endosulfan Sulfate 4,4'-DDT Endrin Ketone Methoxychlor
119. 120.	Chlordane Toxaphene Aroclor-1016 Aroclor-1221
122.	Aroclor-1232

123. Aroclor-1242 124. Aroclor-1248 125. Aroclor-1254 126. Aroclor-1260



(Page 3 of 3)

INORGANIC ELEMENTS

Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Iron Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc Cyanide



FIELD PARAMETERS AND MINERALS FOR WATER SAMPLES

FIELD PARAMETERS

Temperature pH Conductivity

MINERALS

Sulfate Alkalinity Chloride



PROPOSED RI/FS SCHEDULE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SERVICES GRIFFITH INDIANA

			*******							`	•••-•		
TASK WEEK:	1234	5 6 7 8	9 10 11 12	13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20	21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28	29 30 31 32	33 34 35 34	37 34 39 40	41 42 43 44	45 46 47 48	49 50 51 52
PHASE I - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION PREPARE PROJECT PLANS	000000XXXXXX 000000XXX 000000XXX												
TASK 1 - PROBLEM DEFINITION A. Review Available Information B. Define site boundaries C. Geophysical Survey D. Surface Water Survey E. Environmental Audit of ACS F. Establish Remedial Alternatives	XXX XXX XXX XXX XXXXXX	XXX		1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
TASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics Evaluate landfill hydraulics Install perimeter monitoring wells Install piezometer grid Model groundwater flow system B. Initial Shallow Sampling	XXX XXX XXX				LLL	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					•		
TASK 3 - CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION A. Waste Characterization B. Groundwater Characterization New shallow monitoring wells New lower mounter monitoring wells Sample monitoring wells C. Groundwater Transport Model			XXXXXXLLLLL		XXX		LLLLLL LLLLLL XXX						
PMASE II - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION A. Additional wells as necessary B. Additional samples as necessary			•				XXX	uuuuu	ıııı				
WRITE DRAFT TECHNICAL MEMORANDA A. Waste Characterization B. Soil & Sediment C. Surface & Groundwater D. Mealth & Endangerment	1			•	XXX XXX XXX	• •		• •					
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT A. Draft Report B. Final RI Report	•	.				<u>;</u>	•	• •	(2) ******	*******	000000000000		*****
PROJECT MANAGEMENT A. Technical & GA/OC Management B. Monthly Reports	* * * *	x x x x	x x x x	x	x x x x	x x x x	1 1 X X	x x x x	x x x x	x x x x	* * * *	X	x

LEGEND

XXX WARZYN OOO REVIEW BY EPA LLL LAB TURN-AROUND

FOOTNOTES

(1) Task 1.8, defining site boundaries, cannot be completed without authorization of site access from American Chemical Services
(2) Draft RI will be submitted 12 weeks after completion of Phase II field work, which will be contingent upon the findings from Phase I.



Engineers & Scientists Environmental Services Waste Management Water Resources Site Development Special Structures Geotechnical Analysis

October 27, 1987 60251

Andrew H. Perellis, Esq. Gessler, Flynn, Laswell & Fleischmann Three First National Plaza Suite 2300 Chicago, Illinois 60602

RE: Modifications to Scope of Work American Chemical Services RI/FS Griffith, Indiana

Dear Mr. Perellis:

A meeting among the U.S. EPA (EPA), Warzyn Engineering Inc., (Warzyn), the ACS Steering Committee (Steering Committee), and Roy F. Weston, Inc. (Weston) was held on October 5, 1987 to discuss the EPA comments on Warzyn's July 14, 1987 "Summary Scope of Work" for the ACS RI/FS. Specific agreements to each of the comments are presented below. In general, there was agreement that the Steering Committee and EPA were trying to accomplish the same goals in conducting the RI/FS. Warzyn explained that while the term "Phase" in its letter was used to show a logical progression of steps in the RI/FS process, it is the order of activity within each phase that is important as opposed to the number of phases itself. Therefore, in an effort to allow EPA's consultant (Weston) to more readily evaluate the work plan, Warzyn has now organized the proposed RI work plan for the ACS site into 2 phases and has now developed a schedule of tasks.

Attached is a revised "Framework for the Proposed Scope of Work," which has been modified on the basis of discussions at the October 5 meeting. The purpose of the framework is to outline the logical progression which will occur during the remedial investigation. A time schedule showing the order of tasks and projected task duration is also attached. The time schedule was developed with the understanding that agreement was reached on the framework of the RI/FS and that specific modifications to the details of the Work Plan could begin. Warzyn has begun revising the Work Plan.

K.W. states that

the US fish & Wildliff

service whas only concers

that soil and sediment

samples be collected

in wetland awas.

EPA Review Letter

Eighteen specific comments were made on pages 2 and 3 of the EPA letter to Mr. Perellis, dated September 16, 1987 (EPA ref.: 5HE- 12). It was Warzyn's understanding that agreement was reached on each of the concerns during the October 5 meeting. A statement of Warzyn's understanding of each concern is given below:

- Because of the sensitive nature of issues involved, attorneys will be involved in interviews with ACS, Kapica, and other personnel.
- analysis of aerial photographs taken at various times during site more operation. A magnetometer will be used to confirm or pinpoint buried barrels in areas suitable for obtaining magnetic data.
 - 4. All datum points for mapping locations and elevations will be consistent with the most recent national geodetic vertical datum (NGVD) available for the site.
 - The ACS Part B RCRA permit has been obtained and will be reviewed for pertinent information.

(Former Phase II)

- All monitoring wells will be secured with locking steel protective covers. Shallow piezometers located in accessible areas of the site will be protected with locking covers, temporarily secured in the borehole. The shallow piezometers will be left in place only while the investigation is active on site. They will be removed, when the field phase of investigation is completed.
- 7. The grid of shallow piezometers will consist of approximately 40 shallow points in approximately a 200-foot grid spacing. The water level data will be used to develop potentiometric maps, so exact spacing is not critical in most areas. However precise locations will be significant in certain areas, such as surrounding the ACS lagoon.
- "Preliminary" samples was used to mean "initial". Initial samples at each sampling location will be analyzed for the full Target Compound List (TCL List is attached). The parameter list may be reduced at some locations in subsequent sampling events, to include the chemical species previously found at the location.

KW wants no elduction until WARZYN samples are analyzar I times. I in a dry season, one in a wet season.

(Page 4 EPA Letter)

- 9. All existing wells on the site will be evaluated; properly constructed wells will be sampled for use in the RI/FS.
- 10. Since it seems likely that the ACS lagoon cuts into at least part of the upper aquifer, any water or effluent in the lagoon could enter the upper aquifer. Therefore, besides evaluating the flow relationship between the lagoon and the upper aquifer, a sampling system will be established to monitor the effluent from plant operations.
- 11. The original "Framework for Proposed Scope of Work" Attachment 2 to Warzyn's July 14, 1987 letter, separated the RI into four phases. The term "phase" was used to establish the logical succession which would occur during the investigation. A "Modified Framework for Proposed Scope of Work" is attached to this letter which uses the term "Task", and presents a two-phased remedial investigation. Additionally a time schedule is attached to indicate sequencing and timing of each task. Surface water and sediment sampling will be conducted as shown in II. B. I of the framework.

(Former Phase III)

- 12. The leachate wells will be placed in the landfill to obtain water levels and chemical analyses of leachate.
- 13. Monitoring wells will be placed in the lower aquifer in Phase I; see III. B. 2 of the framework, or Task 3, B of the schedule.
- 14. Only thoroughly documented, publicly available models will be used in analysis. At this time, the expectation is that the U.S.G.S. Modular 3D Finite-Difference Flow Model (Modflow) will be used for modeling groundwater flow. Contaminant transport will be modeled with one of the following models: U.S.G.S. Method of Characteristics (MOC) Model, or the Illinois State Water Survey Random Walk model. The model assumptions and limitations will be project-dependent, therefore, they will be presented as part of the technical memorandum addressing the groundwater system, and as part of the RI Report.
- A data sufficiency analysis will be conducted at the end of Phase I (Task 3) to evaluate the sufficiency of existing data for completing the expressed purposes of the RI/FS.



- 16. The results of the data sufficiency analysis will indicate what additional investigative tasks will be required to complete the RI/FS. It is possible that those tasks could include the collecting of additional surface water and sediment samples, the collection of additional waste samples, the construction and sampling of additional monitoring wells, the re-sampling of previously constructed wells, or possibly other sampling and analysis. Until the waste and site characterizations start to develop and the data sufficiency analysis is conducted, it will not be possible to predict precisely what tasks will be necessary in Phase II (formerly Phase IV).
- 17. Under project management at the bottom of the schedule, there is an entry for monthly reports; additionally, the technical memoranda will provide timely documentation of the field procedures and results from each field task.
- 18. The PRP's consultant will work with Weston to document the already defined study area boundaries. Surveying will be conducted at several different times during the investigation, including an initial survey of site boundaries, and subsequent surveys to establish the piezometer and geophysical grids, and to plot monitoring wells and other sampling points on the investigation maps.

The changes listed on page 4 of the EPA letter have been incorporated into the framework and shown on the schedule.

Warzyn welcomes the opportunity to discuss any of these issues further, and looks forward to working with the technical subcommittee to bring it to a successful conclusion. If you have questions please call us at 312/773-8484.

Respectfully submitted,

WARZYN ENGINEERING INC.

Ĵoseph D. Adams Jr., P.E. General Manger - Chicago Peter J. Vagt, Ph.D. Senior Hydrogeologist

Enclosures: Modified framework for the RI Scope of Work

Proposed RI/FS schedule



MODIFIED FRAMEWORK FOR THE PROPOSED SCOPE OF WORK FOR THE ACS RI/FS

PHASE I - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

I. TASK 1 - PROBLEM DEFINITION

- A. Review Available Information
 - 1. Published data (USGS, ASCS, etc.)
 - 2. Site visit and interviews
 - 3. Aerial photographs
 - 4. Water use survey
 - a. Domestic wells
 - b. Industrial and municipal wells
 - Review available reports (RCRA submittal, etc)
- B. Define Site Boundaries
 - 1. Establish site grid
 - 2. Define site boundaries in the field
- C. Geophysical Survey
 - 1. Magnetometer/gradiometer (where effective)
 - a. On-site containment area
 - b. Off-site containment area
- D. Surface Water Survey
 - 1. Set up surface water bench marks
- E. Environmental Audit of ACS
 - 1. Coordinate with RCRA audit
 - 2. Evaluate process streams
 - 3. Define potential sources
- F. Establish Remedial Alternatives

II. TASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION

- A. Characterize Flow System
 - 1. Monitor ACS hydraulics
 - a. Evaluate volumes
 - 2. Evaluate landfill hydraulics
 - a. Install leachate wells
 - b. Monitor de-watering pumpage
 - 3. Install perimeter monitoring wells
 - a. Test near surface hydraulic properties
 - 4. Install piezometer grid
 - 5. Model groundwater flow system
 - a. Conduct water balance
 - b. Determine groundwater flow paths and rates



MODIFICATIONS TO FRAMEWORK FOR PROPOSED WORK SCOPE (Continued)

- B. Initial Shallow Sampling
 - 1. Surface water and sediment sampling
 - 2. Groundwater sampling from perimeter wells
 - 3. Effluent sampling

III. TASK 3 - NEAR SURFACE CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION

- A. Waste Characterization
 - 1. Soil borings at ACS (E F G M)
 - 2. Leachate Sampling
 - a. Leachate Wells in Landfill
 - 3. Waste volume calculation
- B. Groundwater Characterization
 - 1. Install eight new shallow monitoring wells
 - 2. Install four lower aquifer monitoring wells
 - a. Extend stratigraphic description
 - b. Conduct hydraulic property tests
 - 3. Sample existing and new monitoring wells
- C. Groundwater Transport Model

PHASE II - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

- IV. ADDITIONAL CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION
 - A. Install Additional Monitoring Wells as Necessary
 - 1. Upper aquifer
 - 2. Lower aguifer
 - B. Collect Additional Samples as Necessary

V. ENDANGERMENT ASSESSMENT

FEASIBILITY STUDY

VI. FEASIBILITY STUDY

- A. Proposed Response
- B. Remedial Technologies
- C. Develop Alternatives
- D. Screening Alternatives ·
- E. Evaluate Alternatives
- F. Preliminary Report
- G. Conceptual Design
- H. Public Comments on FS
- I. Community Relations
- J. Final FS Report



HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST

(Page 1 of 3)

VOLATILES

SEMI-VOLATILES

1.	Chloromethane	36.	Pheno1
2.	Bromomethane	37.	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether
3.	Vinyl Chloride	38.	2-Chlorophenol
4.	Chloroethane		·
5.	Methylene Chloride		
6.	Acetone	39.	1,3-Dichlorobenzene
7.	Carbon Disulfide	40.	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
8.	1,1-Dichloroethene	41.	Benzyl Alcohol
9.	1,1-Dichloroethane	42.	1,2-Dichlorobenzene
10.	trans-1,2-Dichloroethane	43.	2-Methylphenol
11.	Chloroform	44.	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether
12.	1,2-Dichloroethene	45.	4-Methylphenol
13.	2-Butanone	46.	N-Nitroso-Dipropylamine
14.	1,1,1-trichloroethene	47.	Hexachloroethane
15.	Carbon Tetrachloride	48.	Nitrobenze
16.	Vinyl Acetate	49.	Isophorone
17.	Bromodichloromethane	50.	2-Nitrophenol
18.	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	51.	2,4-Dimethylphenol
19.	1,2-Dichloropropane	52.	Benzoic Acid
20.	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	53 .	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane
21.	Trichlorothene	54.	2,4-Dichlorophenol
22.	Dibromocloromethane	55 .	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
23.	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	56.	Naphthalene
24.	Benzene	57.	4-Chloroaniline
25.	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	58 .	Hexachlorobutadiene
26.	2-Chloroethyl vinyl Ether	59.	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
			(para-chloro-meta-cresol)
27.	Bromoform		,
28.	2-Hexanone	60.	2-Methylnapthalene
29.	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	61.	
30.	Tetrachloroethane	62.	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
31.	Toluene	63.	
32.	Chlorobenzene	64.	
33.	Ethyl Benzene	65.	
34.	Styrene	66.	
35.	Total Xylenes	67.	Acenaphthylene
<i>JJ</i> .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	68 68	3-Nitroaniline



(Page 2 of 3)

SEMI-VOLATILES

69. Acenapthene 70. 2,4-Dinitrophenol 71. 4-Nitrophenol 72. Dibenzofuran 73. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 2,6-Dinitrotolune Diethylphthalate **76**. 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl ether **77**. Fluorene 4-Nitroaniline 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol N-nitrosodiphenylamine 80. 81. 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl ether 82. Hexachlorobenzene 83. Pentachlorophenol 84. Phenanthrene 85. Anthracene Di-n-butylphthalate 86. 87. **Fluoranthene** Pyrene Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 89. 90. 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine Benzo(a)anthracene 91. bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 92. 93. Chrysene 93. Di-n-octyl Phthalate 95. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 96. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 97. Benzo(a)pyrene

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

99. Dibenz(a,h)anthracend 100. Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

PESTICIDES

101. alpha-BHC 102. beta-BHC 103. delta-BHC

104. gamma-BHC (Lindane) 105. Heptachlor 106. Aldrin

107. Heptachlor Epoxide

108. Endosulfan I 109. Dieldrin 110. 4,4'-DDE 111. Endrin 112. Endosulfan II

113. 4,4'-DDD 114. Endosulfan Sulfate 115. 4,4'-DDT 116. Endrin Ketone

117. Methoxychlor

118. Chlordane 119. Toxaphene 120. Aroclor-1016 121. Aroclor-1221 122. Aroclor-1232

123. Aroclor-1242 124. Aroclor-1248 125. Aroclor-1254 126. Aroclor-1260



(Page 3 of 3)

INORGANIC ELEMENTS

Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Iron Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc Cyanide



FIELD PARAMETERS AND MINERALS FOR WATER SAMPLES

FIELD PARAMETERS

Temperature pH Conductivity

MINERALS

Sulfate Alkalinity Chloride



PROPOSED RI/FS SCHEDULE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SERVICES GRIFFITH INDIANA

ASK HEEK: 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 34 35 34 45 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 MASE I - REREDIAL INVESTIGATION REPARE PROJECT PLANS A. Site Specific GAPP S. Saapling & Analysis Plan C. Health & Safety Plan D. Data Management Plan A. Review Available Information A. Review Available Information B. Define site boundaries C. Geophysical Survey D. Surface Mater Survey E. Environmental Audit of ACS F. Establish Remedial Alternatives A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXI ASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXXI ASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXXI ASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXXI ASK 3 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXXIII TXXXXXXXIII ASK 2 - HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION A. Characterize Flow System Monitor ACS hydraulics TXXXXXXXXIII TXXXXXXXIII TXXXXXXIII TXXXXXXIII TXXXXXXIII TXXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIII TXXXIIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIIIII TXXXIIII TXXXIIIIIIII	51 52
REPARE PROJECT PLAMS A. Site Specific GAPP 8. Saapling & Analysis Plan C. Health & Safety Plan D. Data Management Plan XXX000000 XXXXXX000000 XXX000000 XXXXXXX000000 XXX000000 XXXXXXX000000 XXX000000 XXXXXXX000000 XXXXXXXX	
A. Review Available Information B. Define site boundaries C. Geophysical Survey D. Surface Nater Survey XXX E. Environmental Audit of ACS F. Establish Remedial Alternatives XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	!
A. Characterize Flow System	
Monitor ACS hydraulics Evaluate landfil hydraulics Install perimeter conditoring wells Install plezometer grid Model groundwater flow system B. Initial Shallow Sampling XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
ASK 3 - CONTAMINATION INVESTIGATION A. Woste Characterization B. Groundwater Characterization Mew shallow monitoring wells New lower aquifer monitoring wells Sample monitoring wells C. Groundwater Transport Model	
HASE II - REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION A. Additional wells as necessary B. Additional samples as necessary XXX XXX LLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLL	
WRITE DRAFT TECHNICAL MEMORANDA A. Waste Characterization B. Soil & Sediment C. Surface & Groundwater D. Health & Endangerment	
RENEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT A. Draft Report B. Final RI Report	XXXXXXX
PROJECT MANAGEMENT A. Technical & QA/QC Management TXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	. х х

LEGEND

XXX WARZYN
OOG REVIEW BY EPA
LLL LAB TURN-AROUND